



# Microsoft Ready



# The Future of Cloud Native Applications

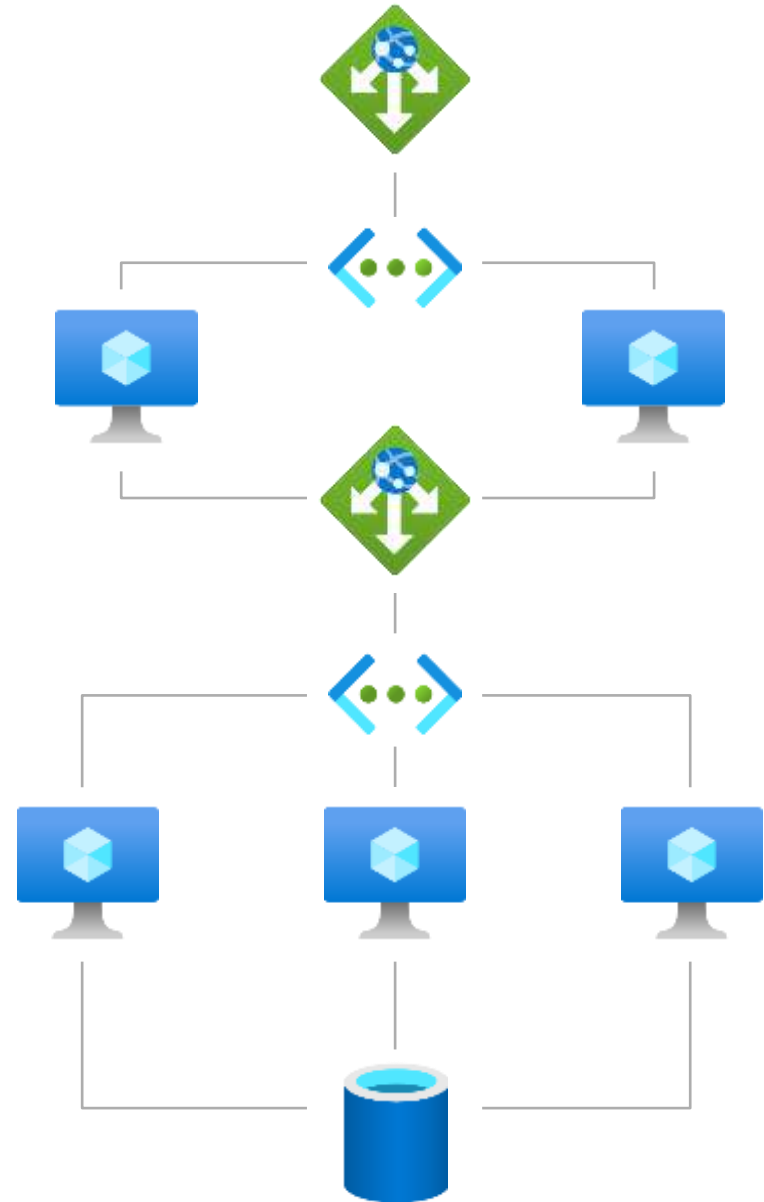
## with Open Application Model (OAM) and Dapr

Mark Russinovich  
Chief Technology Officer, Microsoft Azure

 @markrussinovich

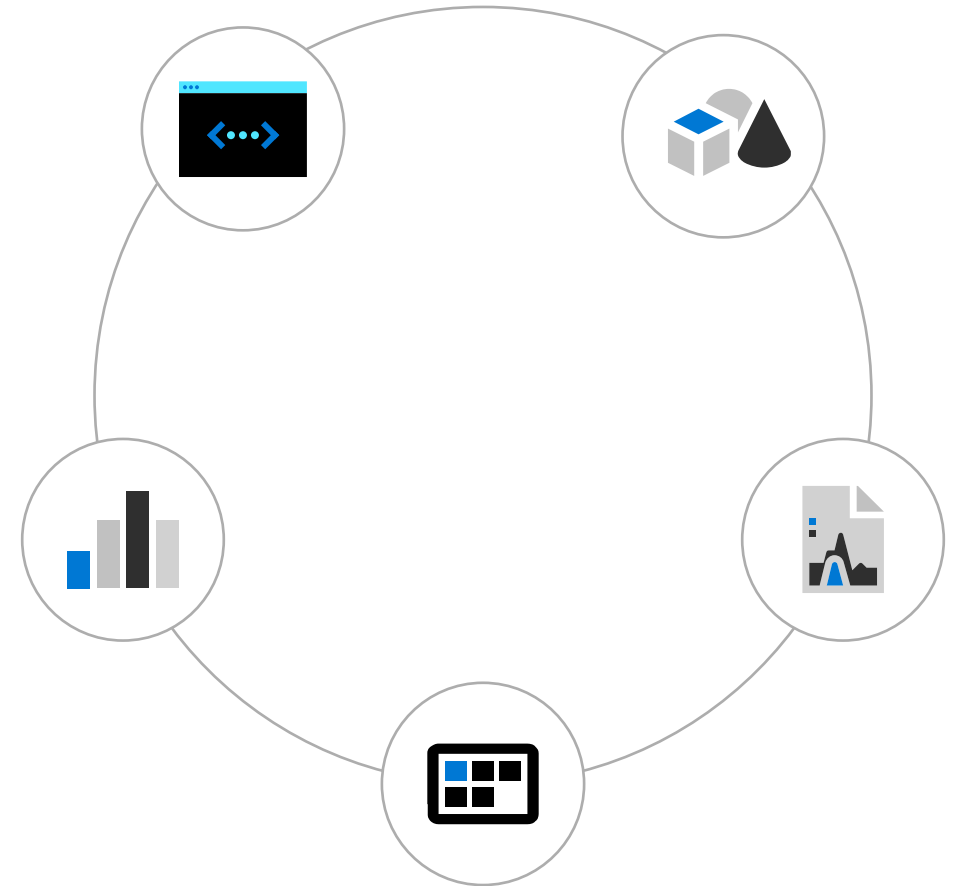
# Application models

Describes the topology of your application and its components



# Programming models

The way developers write their application to interact with other services and data stores



## Open Application Model (OAM)



Open  
Application  
Model

Platform agnostic application model

## Distributed Application Runtime (Dapr)



Building blocks for building scalable  
distributed apps



ENTERPRISE MICROSOFT

By Simon Stassen, Columnist, InfoWorld | OCT 26 2019

INSIDER

## Microservices made easy with Dapr

Use common microservice design patterns with Microsoft's new open source, cloud-native framework

If you want to get the most out of cloud-native applications, you need to think very differently about how you build your code. Scaling depends on stateless microservices, using APIs for interservice communications. Technologies such as Kubernetes help manage microservice scaling by monitoring resources or using KEDA (Kubernetes-based event-driven autoscaling) to trigger scaling based on events, whereas HTTP-based technologies such as gRPC are the foundation for treating APIs as method and function calls.

Building distributed applications often seems like reinventing the wheel,

## Microsoft introduces new open-source specs for developing cloud and edge applications

Microsoft is introducing two new specs, the Open Application Model and Dapr, with the aim of making building cloud, edge and Kubernetes apps easier.



By Mary Jo Foley for All About Microsoft | October 26, 2019 — 11:23 GMT (11:23 PDT) | Topic: Cloud

Microsoft is tackling problems faced by cloud developers with a couple of new projects. The *Open Application Model* (OAM), developed by Microsoft and Alibaba Cloud as an Open Web Foundation project, is a specification for building cloud-native applications on Kubernetes. And Dapr is a portable event-driven runtime for building microservice applications that can run on the cloud and edge devices.

Earlier this week, The Waking Cat (@hox0d) on Twitter discovered the GitHub repo for OAM. OAM was codenamed Hydra, as the Cat discovered. He also posted a link to *Rudr*, an implementation of OAM, which is currently in alpha and designed to allow users to deploy and

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## Microsoft launches new open-source projects around Kubernetes and microservices

Frederic Lardinois @frolard / 9:10 am PDT • October 16, 2019



Image Credits: Alex Tai/SOPA Images/LightRocket via Getty Images / Getty Images

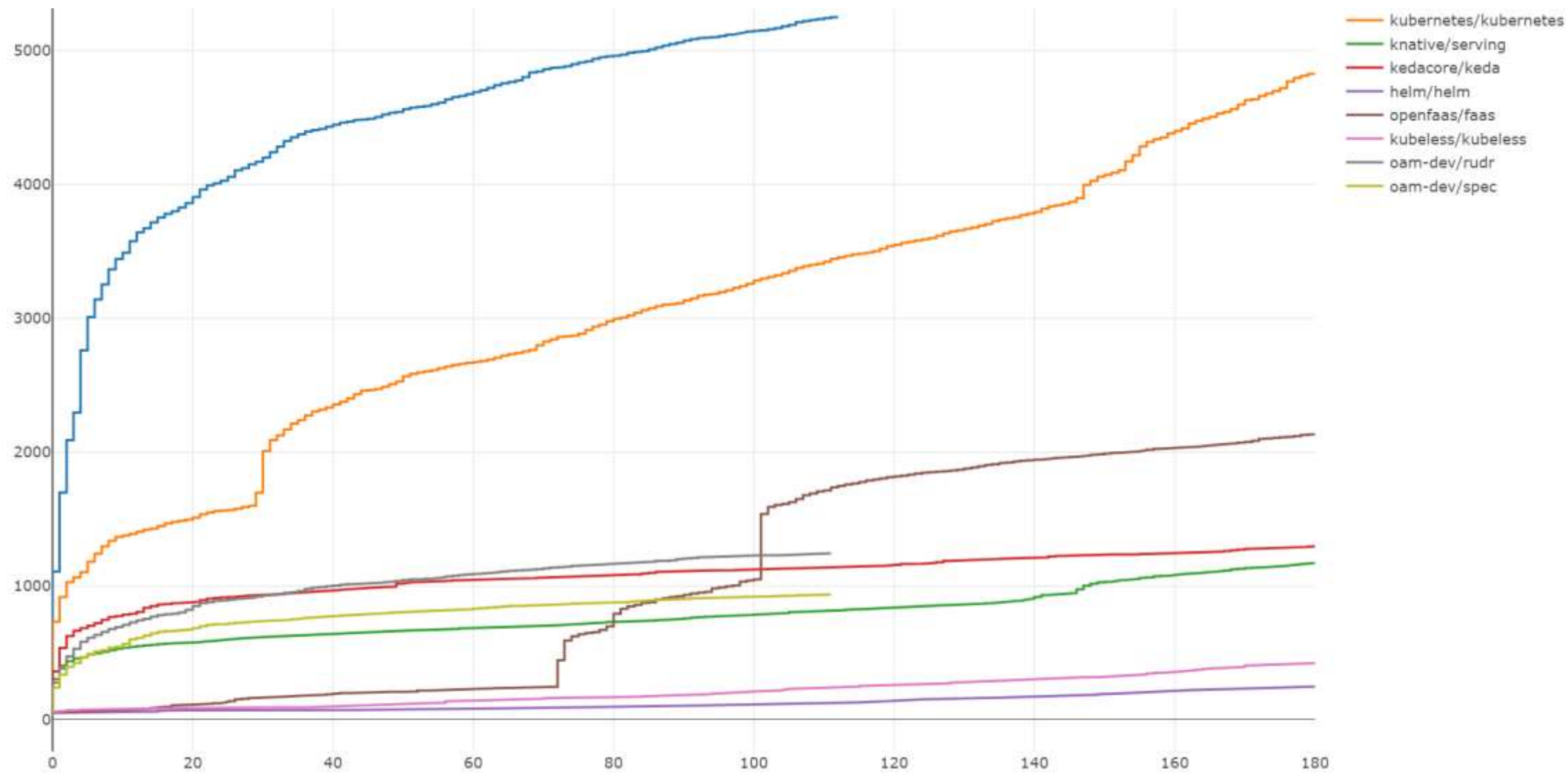
## OAM, dapr, and rudr The future of cloud native applications

Mark Russinovich  
CTO, Microsoft Azure

@markrussinovich

BRK3098







# Open Application Model

Application model for Cloud and Edge

<https://oam.dev>

The screenshot shows the homepage of the Open Application Model (OAM) website. The browser's address bar displays "https://oam.dev". The page features a navigation menu on the left with the following items: "The Spec", "Overview", "Examples", "Implementations", and "Community". The main content area is divided into two columns. The right column contains a large heading: "A team-centric **standard** for building cloud native apps." Below this heading are three paragraphs of text, each accompanied by a diagram illustrating a different role in the OAM model: "Open Application Model (OAM) describes a model where **developers** are responsible for defining application components.", "While **application operators** are responsible for creating instances of these components and assigning them application configurations.", and "And **infrastructure operators** are responsible for declaring, installing, and maintaining the underlying services that are available on the platform." At the bottom right of the page is a blue button labeled "Read the Spec". The OAM logo is visible in the bottom left corner of the page.

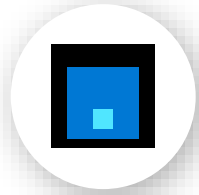


# State of Cloud Native Application Platforms

The cloud is going serverless, but Kubernetes is the infrastructure on-premise and on-edge

App developers need to know and code for each infrastructure they deploy to

# Kubernetes for applications



Kubernetes focuses on **container infrastructure**, not on applications



**Application developers** need to be experts in Kubernetes APIs



Production use of Kubernetes requires mastery of the broader **cloud-native ecosystem**

"[Kubernetes] is **really hard to get into it and understand** how all the parts play together, even for experienced people."

—Software Architect @  **crisp**  
RESEARCH  
A CLOUDFLIGHT COMPANY

"A key principle for us when it comes to choosing a platform is that we can **maintain the size of our team.**"

—CTO @ Handled





**Application  
focused**



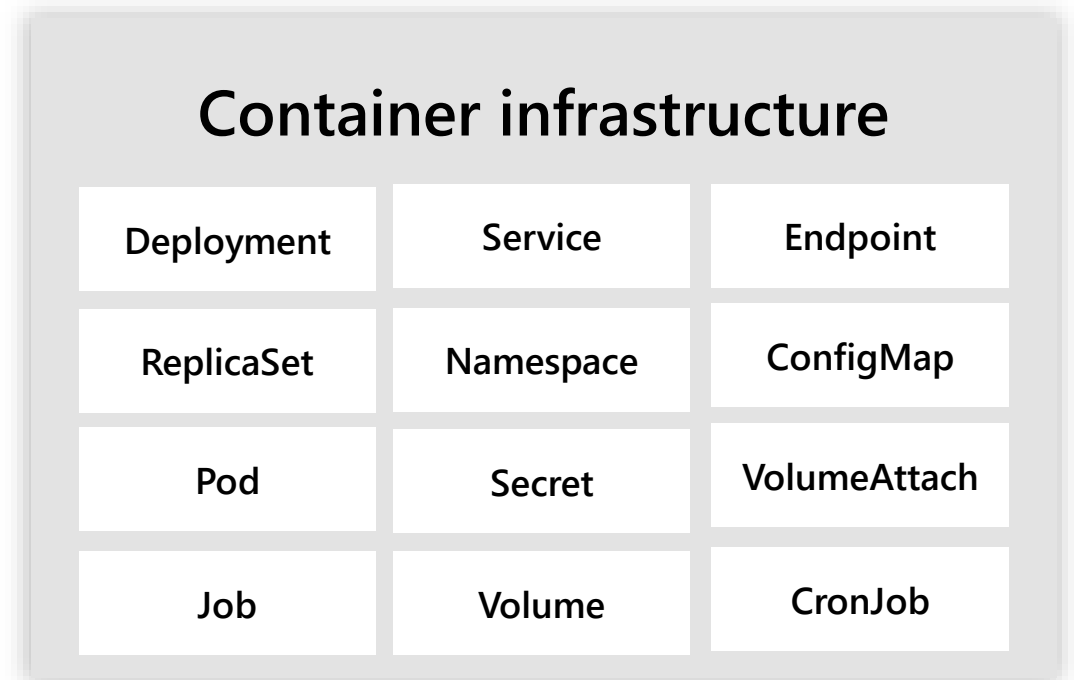
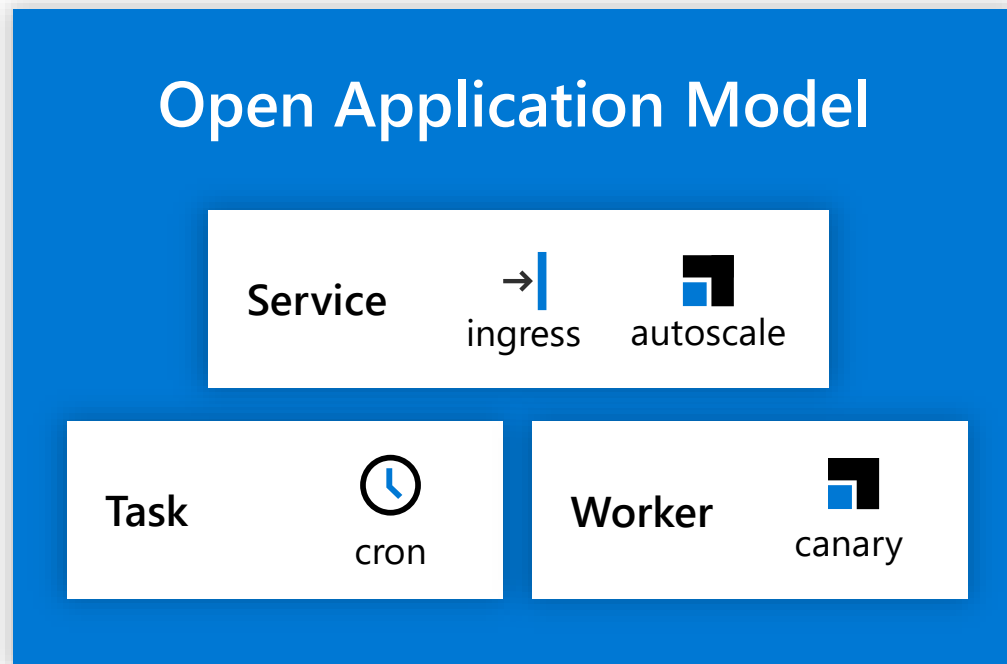
**Separation  
of concerns**



**Cloud +  
Edge**

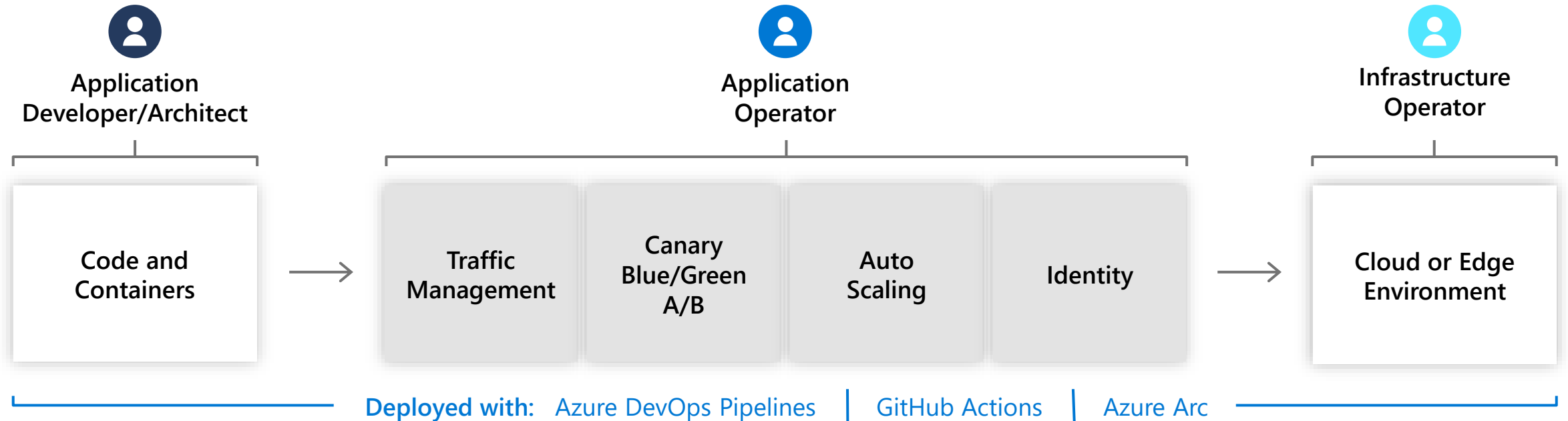
# Application focused

- ✓ Describes application components and operations as first-class concepts without having to stitch together individual container primitives
- ✓ Flexible application modeling supports a wide range of application architectures
- ✓ Small and simple applications are easy, large and complex applications are manageable



# Separation of concerns

- ✓ Allows application developers to focus on their code in a platform-neutral setting to deliver business value
- ✓ Application operators use powerful and extensible operational traits consistently across platforms and environments
- ✓ Infrastructure operators can configure their environments to satisfy any unique operating requirements



# Cloud + Edge

✓ A standard, platform-agnostic application definition for any platform in any environment

✓ Consistent application modeling for small devices, Kubernetes on-premises or cloud, and fully-managed cloud environments

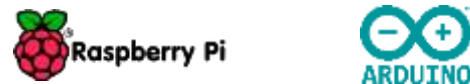
✓ Extendable by design to leverage the native APIs, tools, and unique features of platforms that users know and love

## Open Application Model

### Multi-cloud

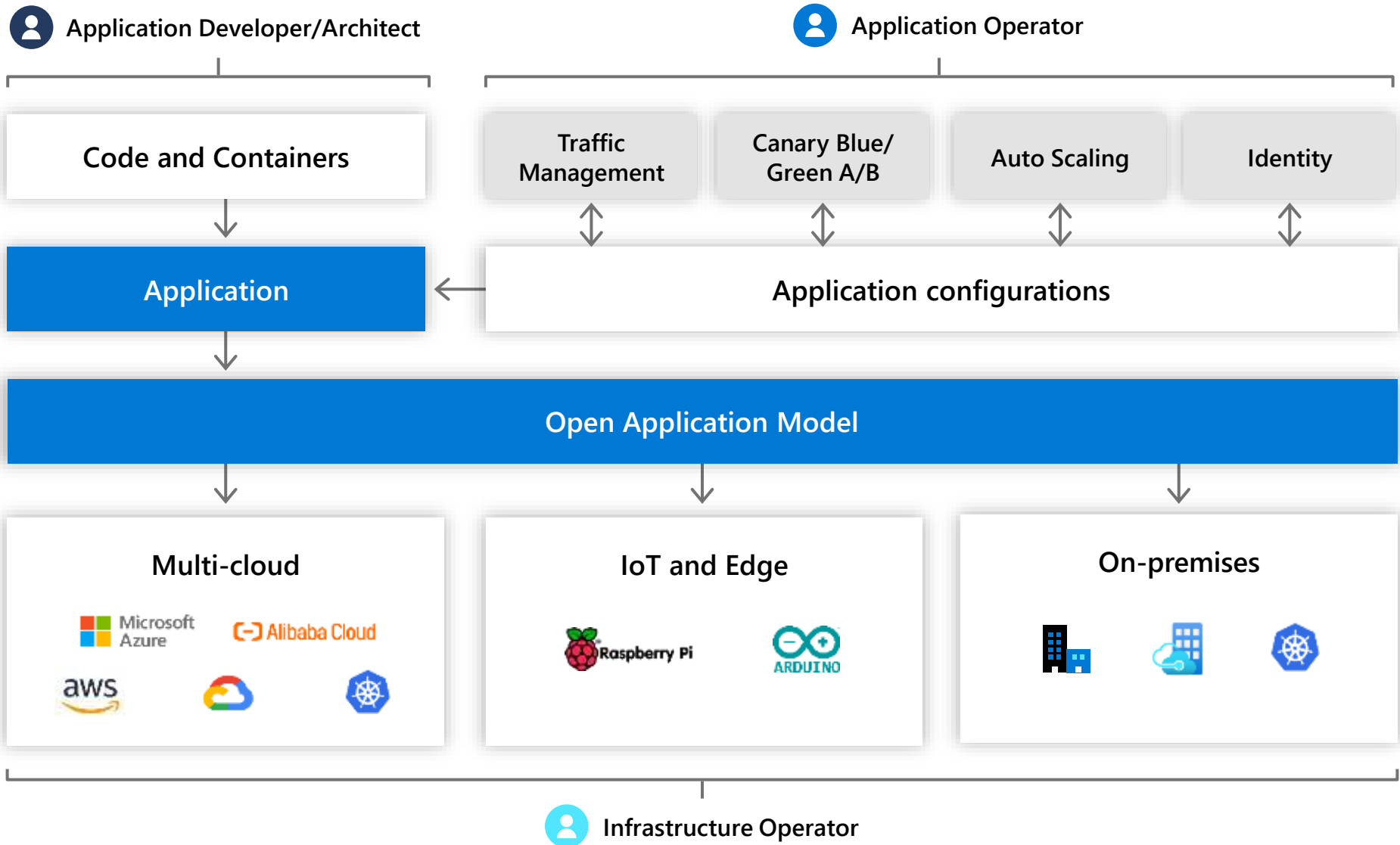


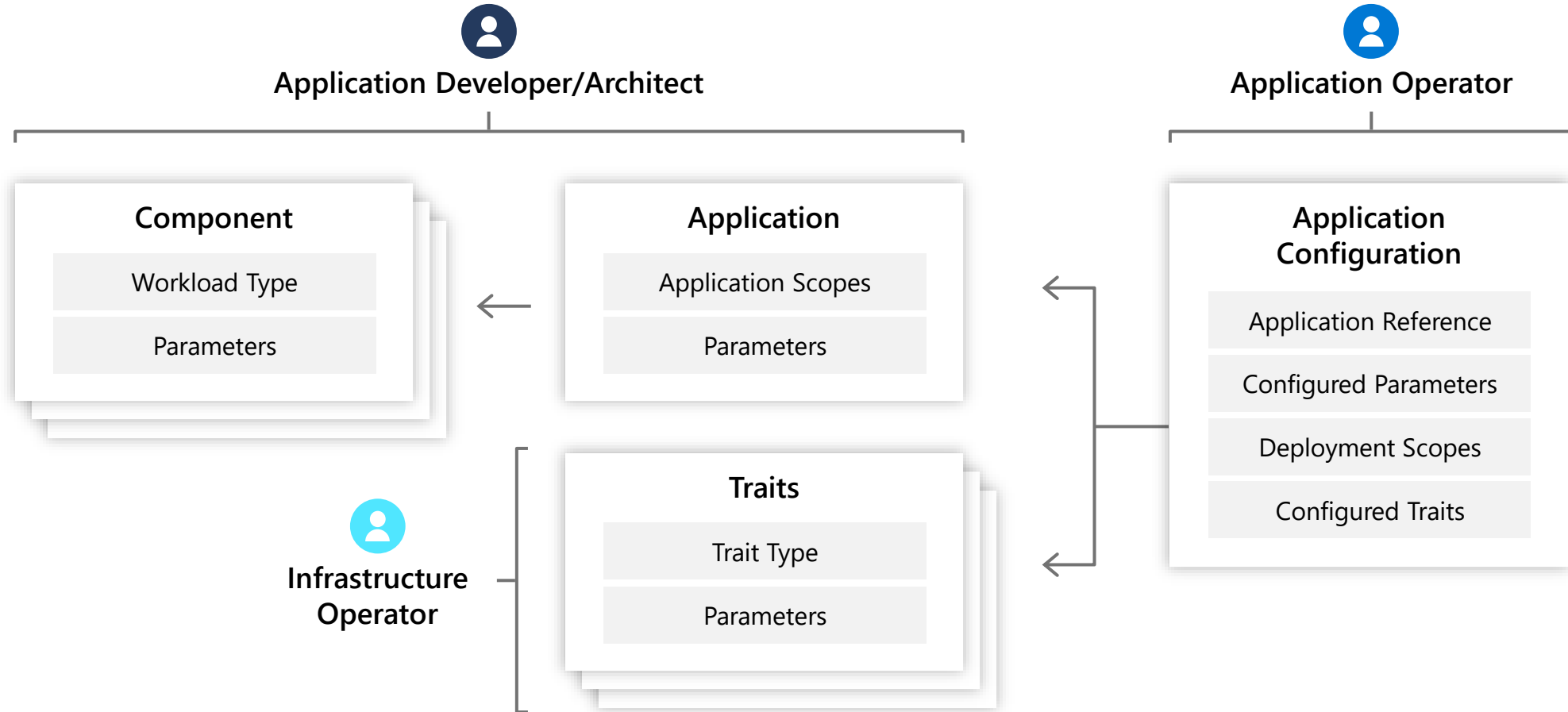
### IoT and Edge



### On-premises



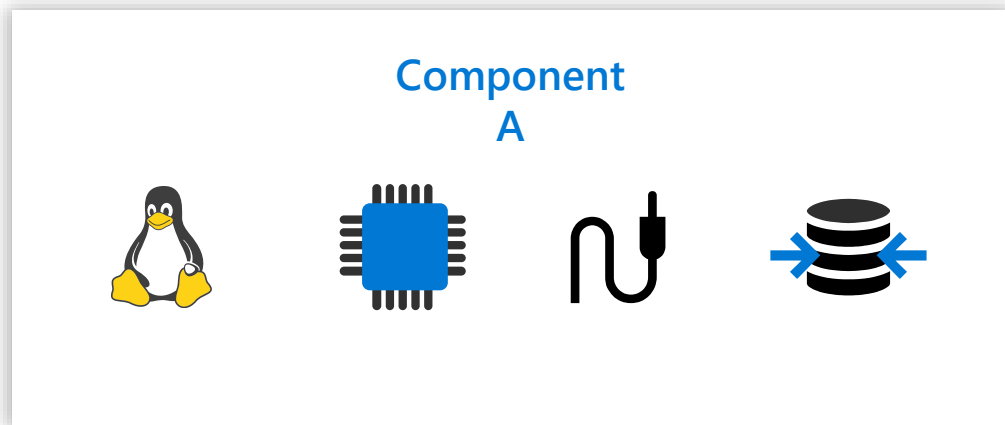






# Component

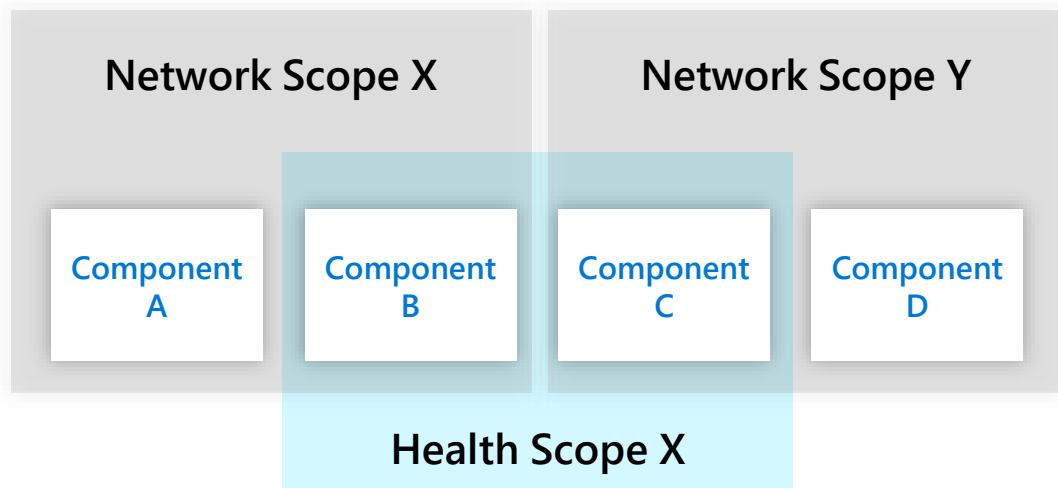
Where developers declare the operational characteristics of the code they deliver *in infrastructure neutral terms*.



```
apiVersion: core.oam.dev/v1alpha1
kind: Component
metadata:
  name: oamfrontend
  version: "1.0.0"
  description: Simple OAM app
spec:
  workloadType: core.oam.dev/v1alpha1.Server
  os: linux
  arch: amd64
  parameters:
    - name: oam_texture
      type: string
      required: true
      default: texture.jpg
  containers:
    - name: frontend
      image: ready2020/hwfrontend:latest
      env:
        - name: OAM_TEXTURE
          value: texture.jpg
          fromParam: oam_texture
      ports:
        - containerPort: 8001
          name: http
          protocol: TCP
```

# 👤 Application Scope

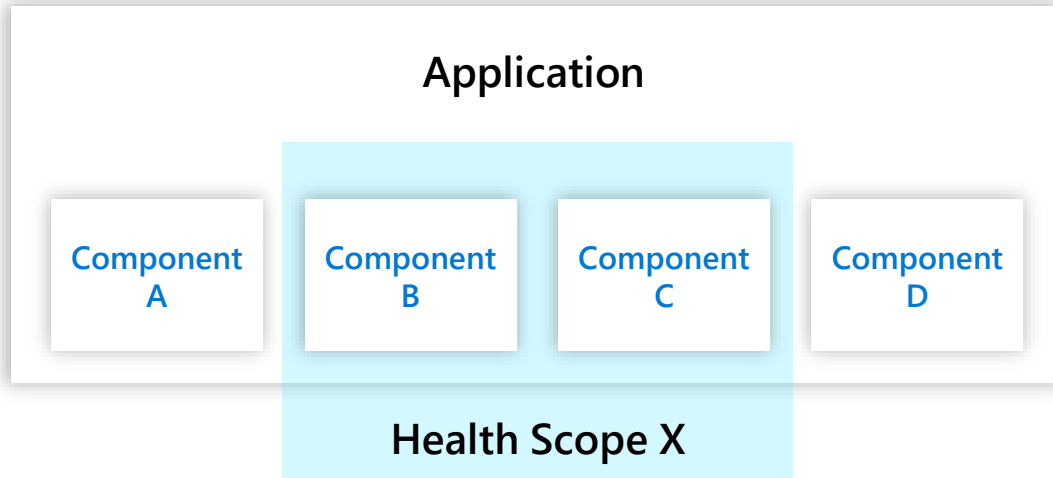
A way to loosely couple components into groups with common characteristics.



```
apiVersion: core.oam.dev/v1alpha1
kind: ApplicationScope
metadata:
  name: network
  annotations:
    version: v1.0.0
    description: "network boundary that a
group of components reside in"
spec:
  type: core.oam.dev/v1.NetworkScope
  allowComponentOverlap: false
  parameters:
    - name: network-id
      description: The id of the network
      type: string
      required: Y
    - name: subnet-id
      description: The id of the subnet
      type: string
      required: Y
    - name: internet-gateway-type
      description: The type of the gateway.
      type: string
      required: N
```

# 👤 Application

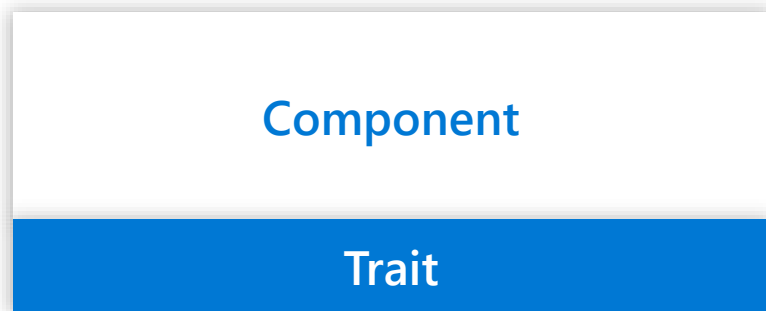
Where developers group components together into a single, deployable unit and specifies cross-component info, such as health scopes.



```
apiVersion: core.oam.dev/v1alpha1
kind: Application
metadata:
  name: oam-helloworld-app
spec:
  components:
    - name: oamfrontend
    - name: oambackend
  scopes:
    - name: oam-be-fe-metrics
      type: core.oam.dev/v1.HealthScope
      parameters:
        - name: metrics-endpoint
          protocol: https
          path: /metrics
```

# Trait

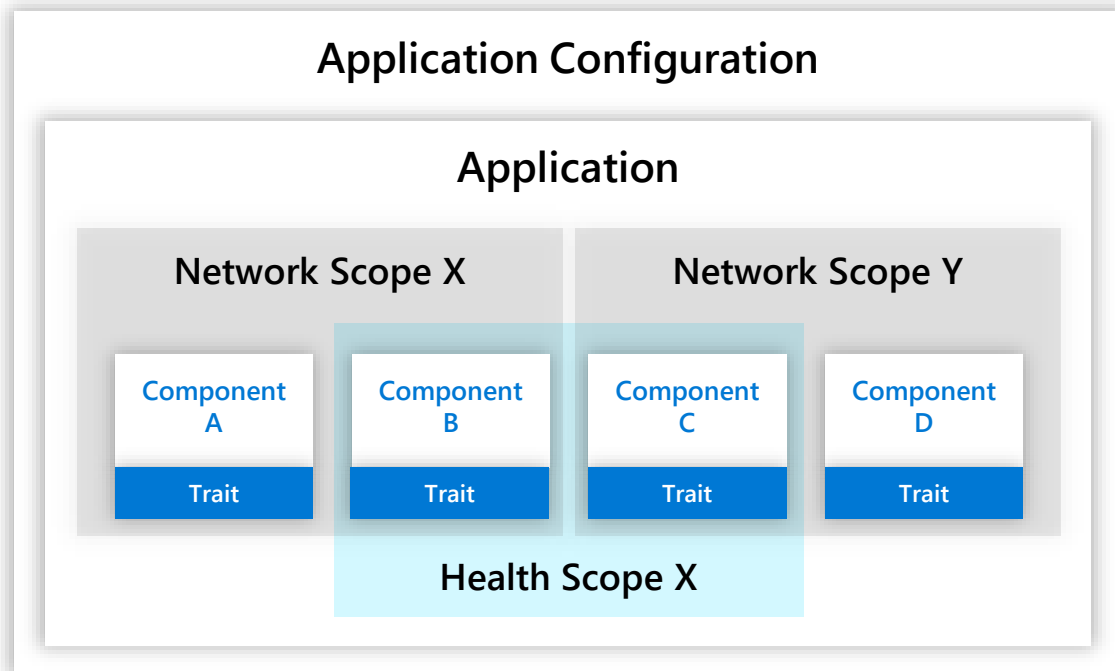
For assigning operational features to instances of components.



```
apiVersion: core.oam.dev/v1alpha1
kind: ApplicationConfiguration
metadata:
  name: demo-scale
spec:
  components:
    - componentName: oamfrontend
      instanceName: oam-fe
      traits:
        - name: manual-scaler
          properties:
            replicaCount: 1
        - name: ingress
          properties:
            hostname: aks.azureocto.com
            path: /
            servicePort: 8001
```

# Application Configuration

Defines a configuration of an application, its traits, and additional scopes, such as network scopes.



```
apiVersion: core.oam.dev/v1alpha1
kind: ApplicationConfiguration
metadata:
  name: oam-helloworld
spec:
  components:
    - componentName: oamfrontend
      instanceName: oam-fe1
      parameterValues:
        - name: oam_texture
          value: aks
      traits:
        - name: manual-scaler
          properties:
            replicaCount: 1
        - name: ingress.core.oam.dev/v1alpha1
          properties:
            hostname: aks.azureocto.com
            path: /
            servicePort: 8001
    - componentName: oambackend
      instanceName: oam-be1
```



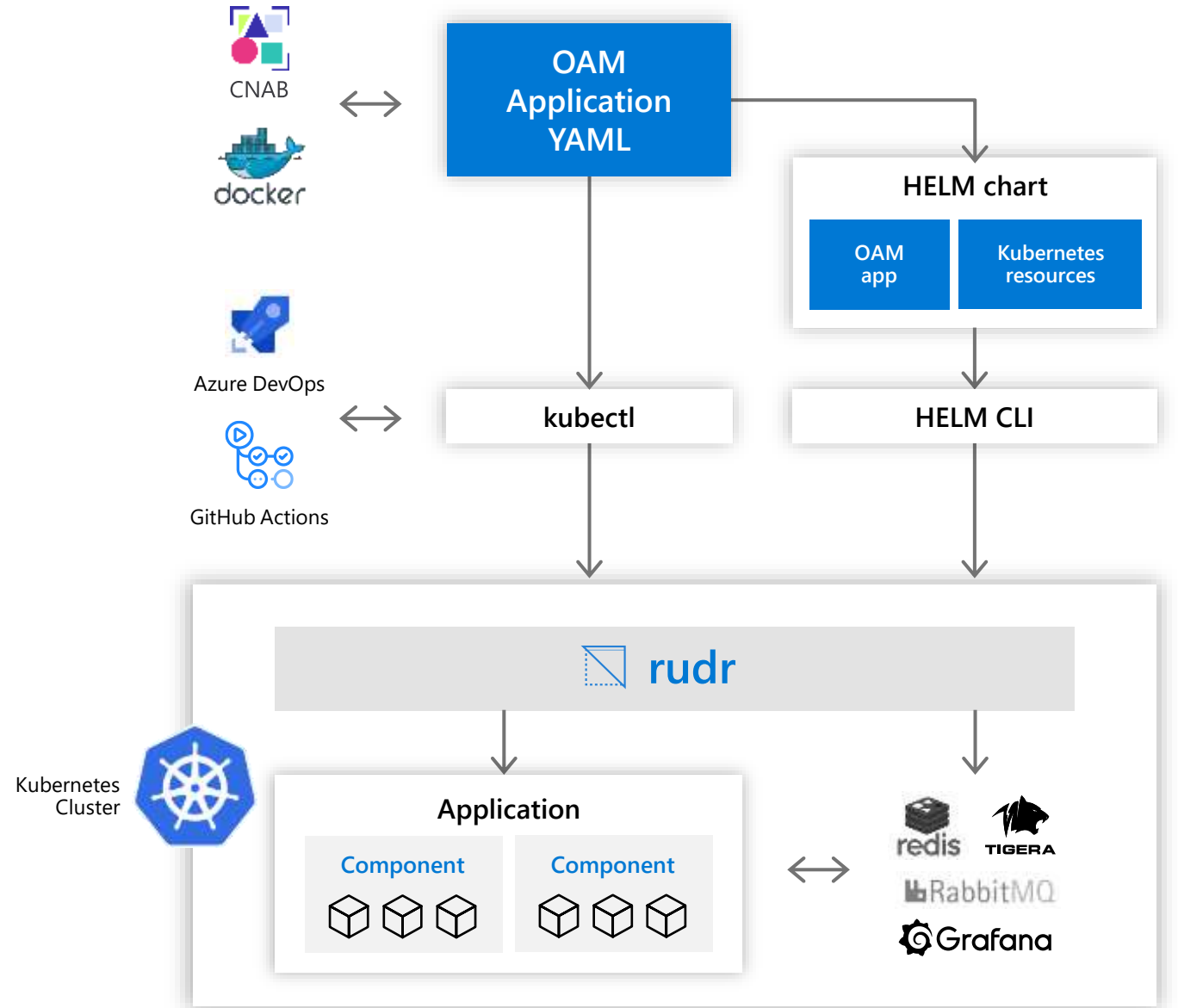
# Open Application Model on Kubernetes

Build and operate cloud-native applications on the leading open source orchestrator

Application developers can focus on business value, not on container primitives and plumbing

CRDs combine high-level application modeling with familiar Kubernetes concepts

Infra operators continue to use familiar Kubernetes infrastructure, APIs, and domain knowledge



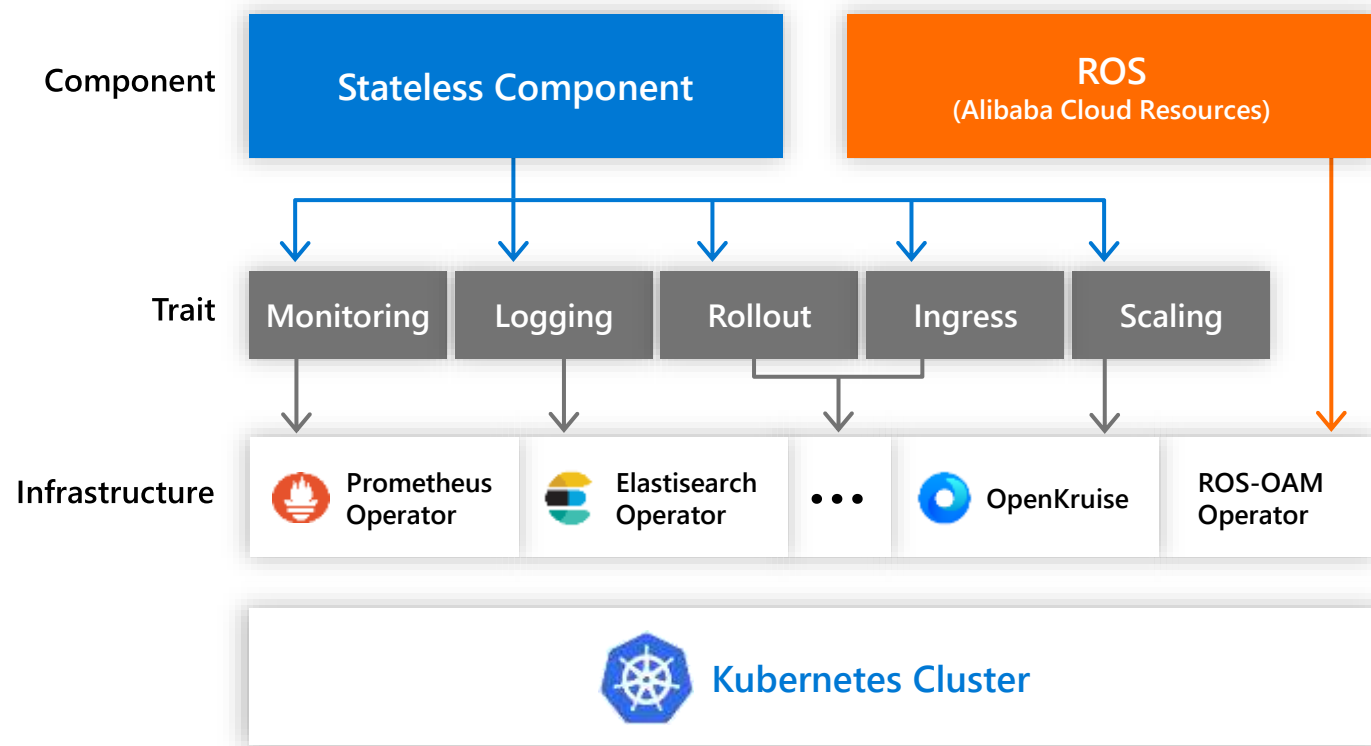
DEMO

# Deploying an OAM application to rudr

# Enterprise Distributed Application Service (EDAS)

## OAM-based PaaS implementation

- ✓ Empower app developers to focus on building and delivering apps without concerning operations
- ✓ Provide manageability of CRDs, consistency of app model, portability of app profiles
- ✓ Give platform team flexibility to choose and operate the infra tools in their domain knowledge by adopting OAM







## Distributed Application Runtime

Portable, event-driven, runtime for building distributed applications across cloud and edge

<https://dapr.io>

A screenshot of the Dapr website homepage. The browser address bar shows "https://dapr.io". The navigation menu includes "Home", "About", "Download", "Docs", and "Community", with a star icon and "5.241" next to "Community". The main content area features the Dapr logo and the text "Distributed Application Runtime". Below this is the tagline "An event-driven, portable runtime for building microservices on cloud and edge." and a prominent blue "Get Started" button. Underneath the button, it says "Install the cli or explore the docs to learn more." The bottom section is titled "ABOUT" and contains two columns: "Powerful Building Blocks" with the subtext "Dapr enables easy, event-driven, stateful," and "No Limits" with the subtext "Dapr works with any programming language". The page is decorated with blue and white geometric shapes and icons representing cloud and edge computing.

# State of Enterprise Developers

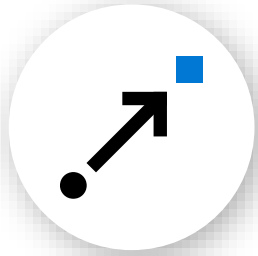
Being asked to develop resilient, scalable, microservice-based apps

They write in many languages

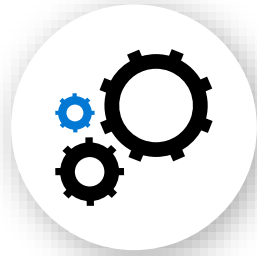
They want to leverage existing code

Functions and Actors are powerful programming models

# What is holding back micro-service development?



Hard to incrementally migrate from existing code to a microservices architecture



Programming model runtimes have narrow language support and tightly controlled feature sets



Runtimes only target specific infrastructure platforms with limited code portability across clouds and edge



**Sidecar  
architecture**



**Cloud +  
Edge**



**Microservice  
building blocks**

# Sidecar architecture

- ✓ Standard APIs accessed over http/gRPC protocols from user service code  
e.g. <http://localhost:3500/v1.0/state/inventory>
- ✓ Runs as local “sidecar library” dynamically loaded at runtime for each service

 Application code

HTTP API

gRPC API



Service-to-  
service  
invocation



State  
management



Publish  
and  
subscribe



Resource  
bindings  
and triggers



Actors



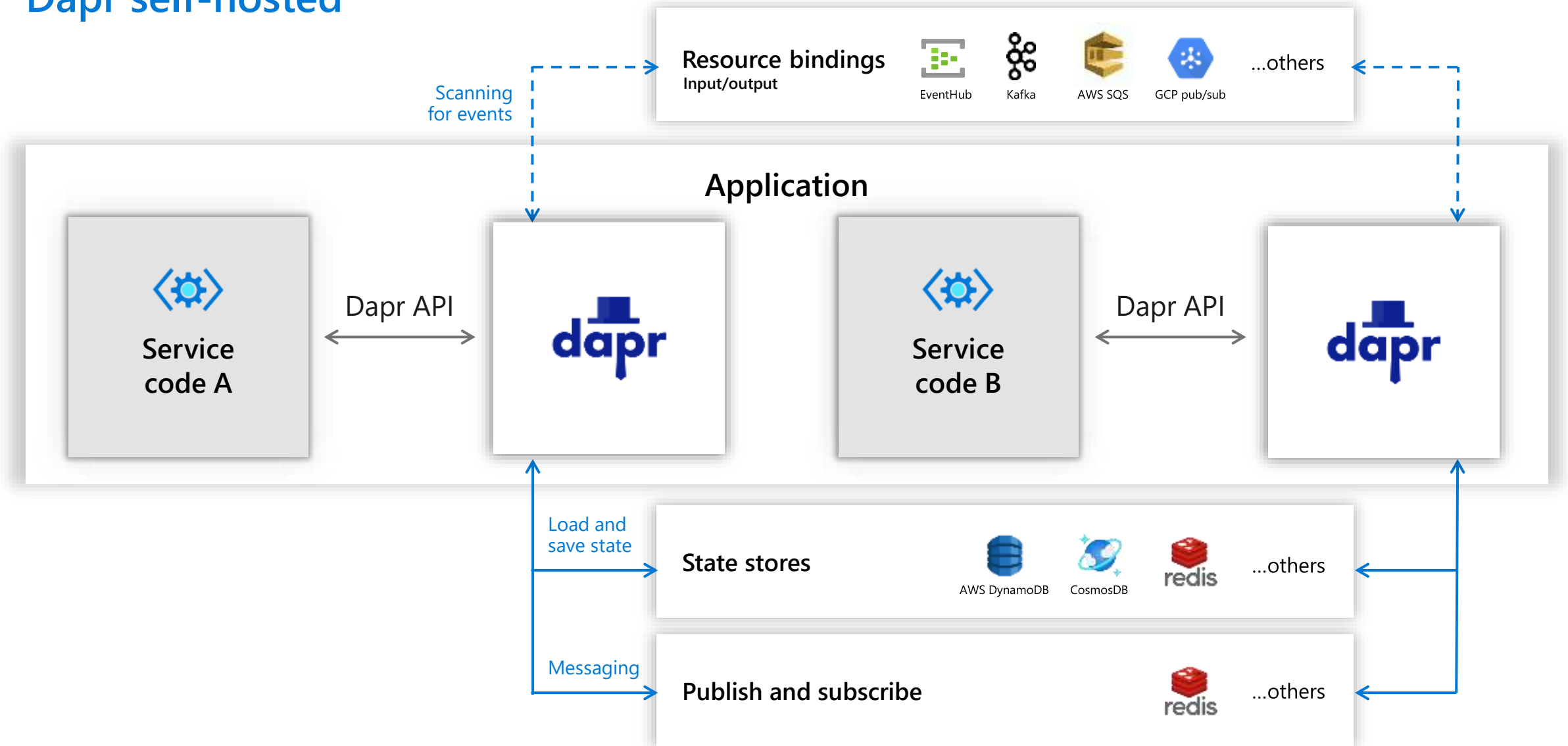
Distributed  
tracing



Extensible

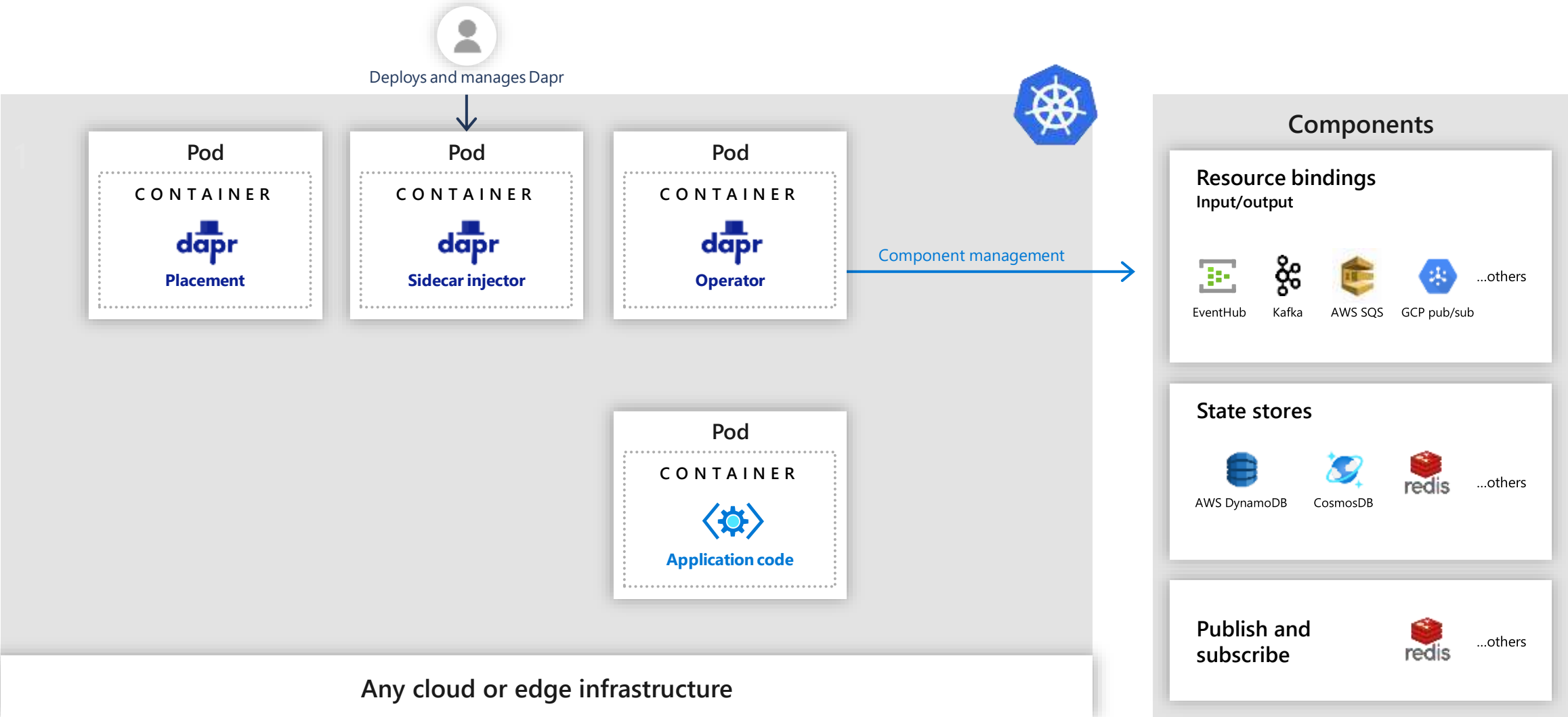
# Sidecar architecture

## Dapr self-hosted



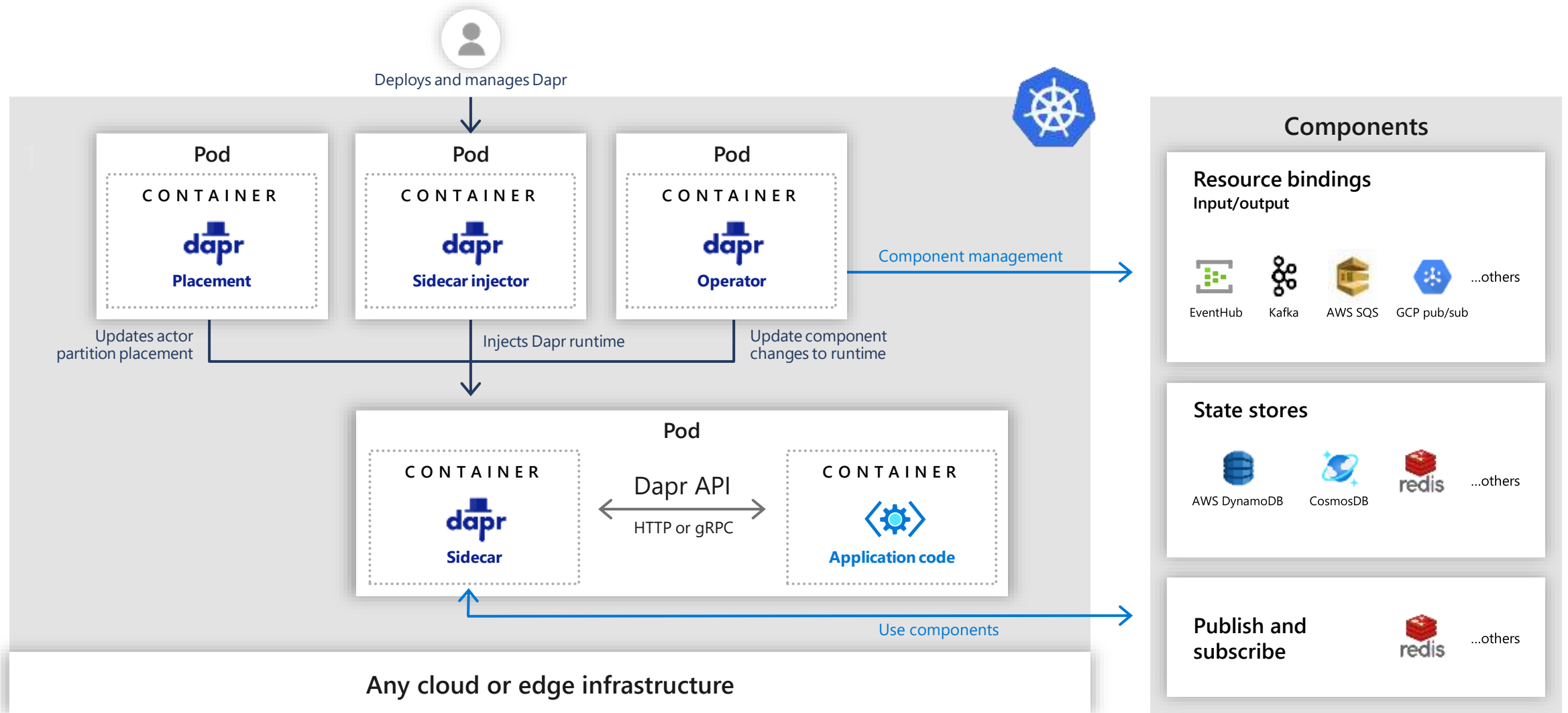
# Sidecar architecture

## Dapr Kubernetes-hosted



# Sidecar architecture

## Dapr Kubernetes-hosted





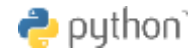
# Cloud + Edge

Build apps using any language with any framework

Application code

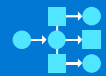
Microservices written in

Any code or framework...



HTTP API

gRPC API



Service-to-service invocation



State management



Publish and subscribe



Resource bindings and triggers



Actors



Distributed tracing

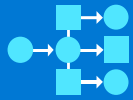


Extensible

Any cloud or edge infrastructure



# Microservice building blocks



## Service-to-service invocation

---

Perform direct, secure, service-to-service method calls



## State management

---

Create long running, stateless and stateful services



## Publish and subscribe

---

Secure, scalable messaging between services



## Resource bindings and triggers

---

Trigger code through events from a large array of inputs  
Output bindings to external resources including databases and queues



## Actors

---

Encapsulate code and data in reusable actor objects as a common microservices design pattern



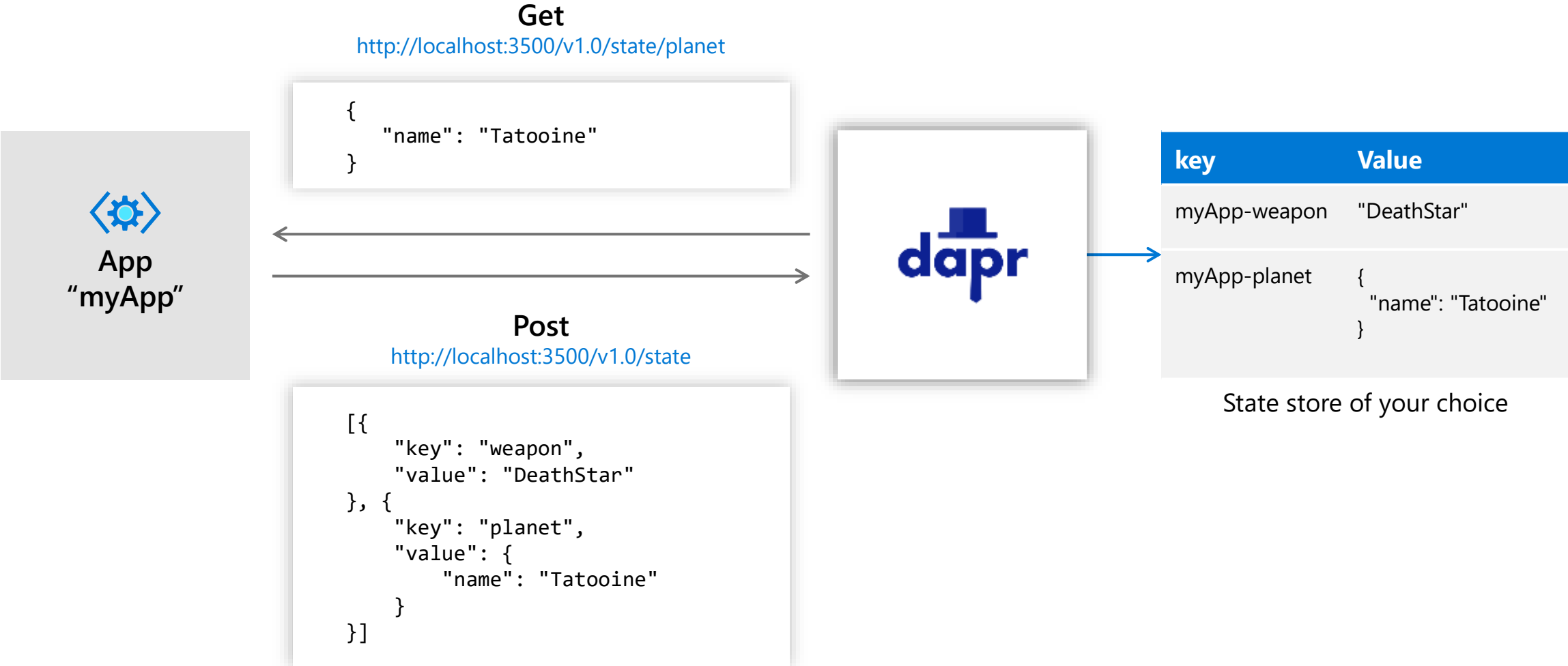
## Distributed tracing

---

See and measure the message calls across components and networked services

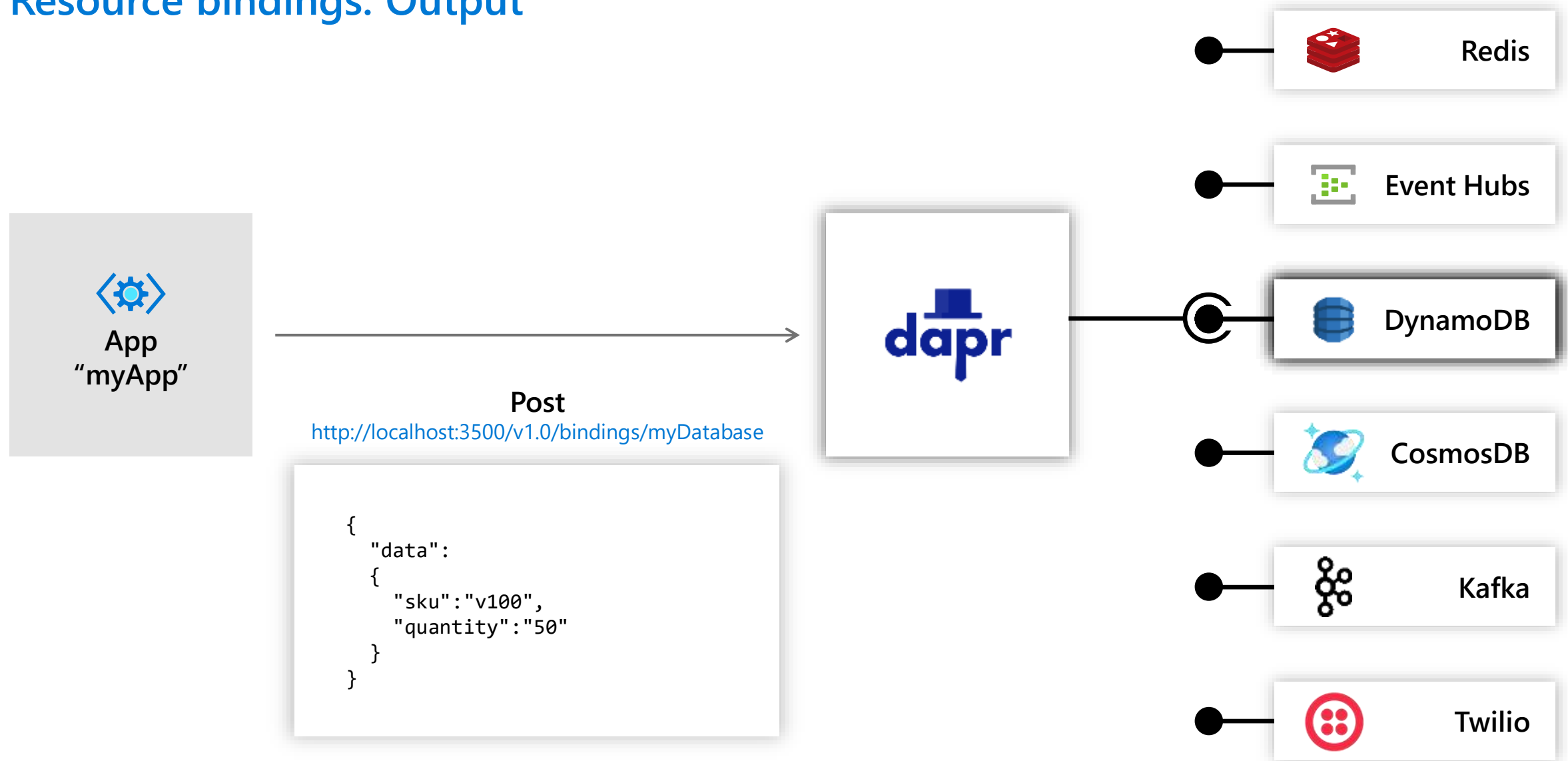
# Microservice building blocks

## State management



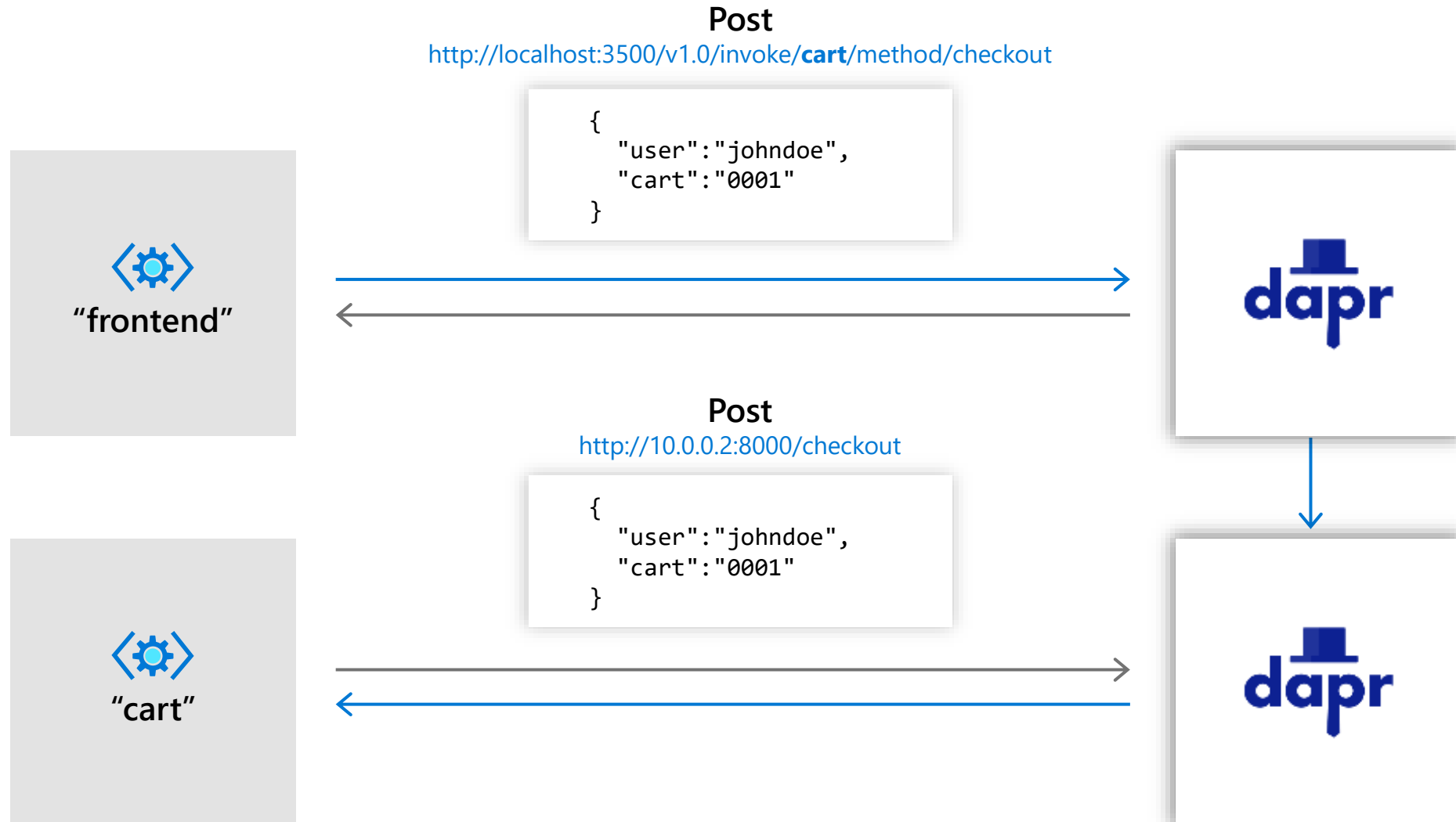
## Microservice building blocks

# Resource bindings: Output



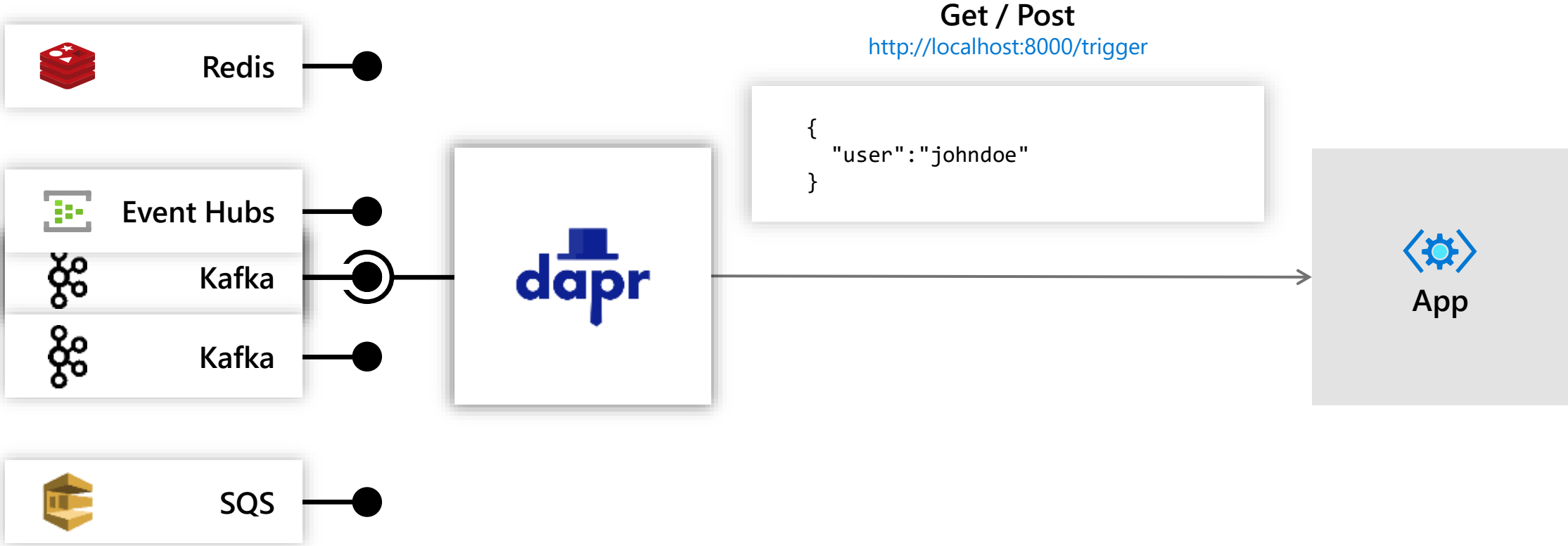
# Microservice building blocks

## Service invocation



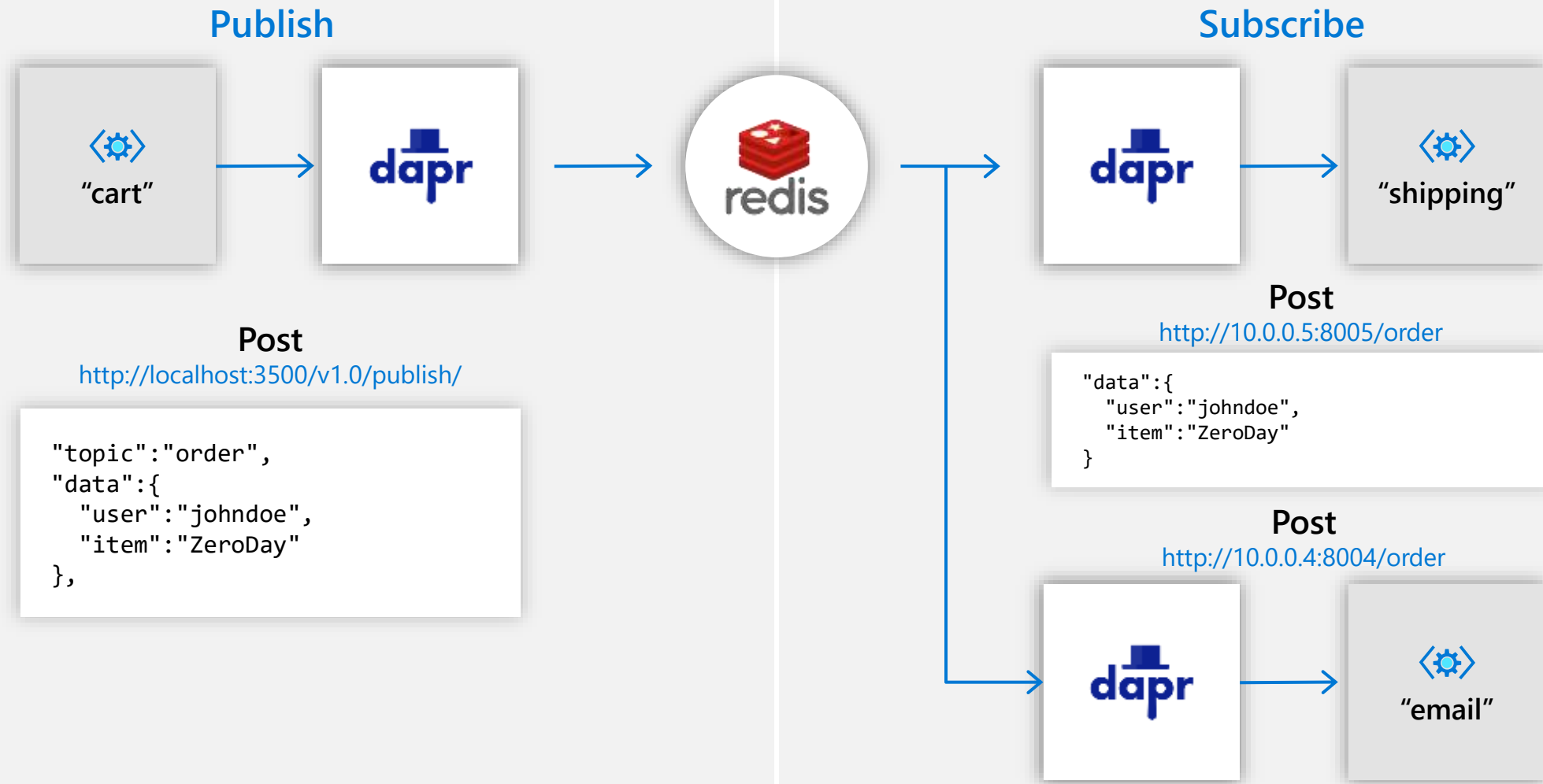
Microservice building blocks

# Resource triggers: Input



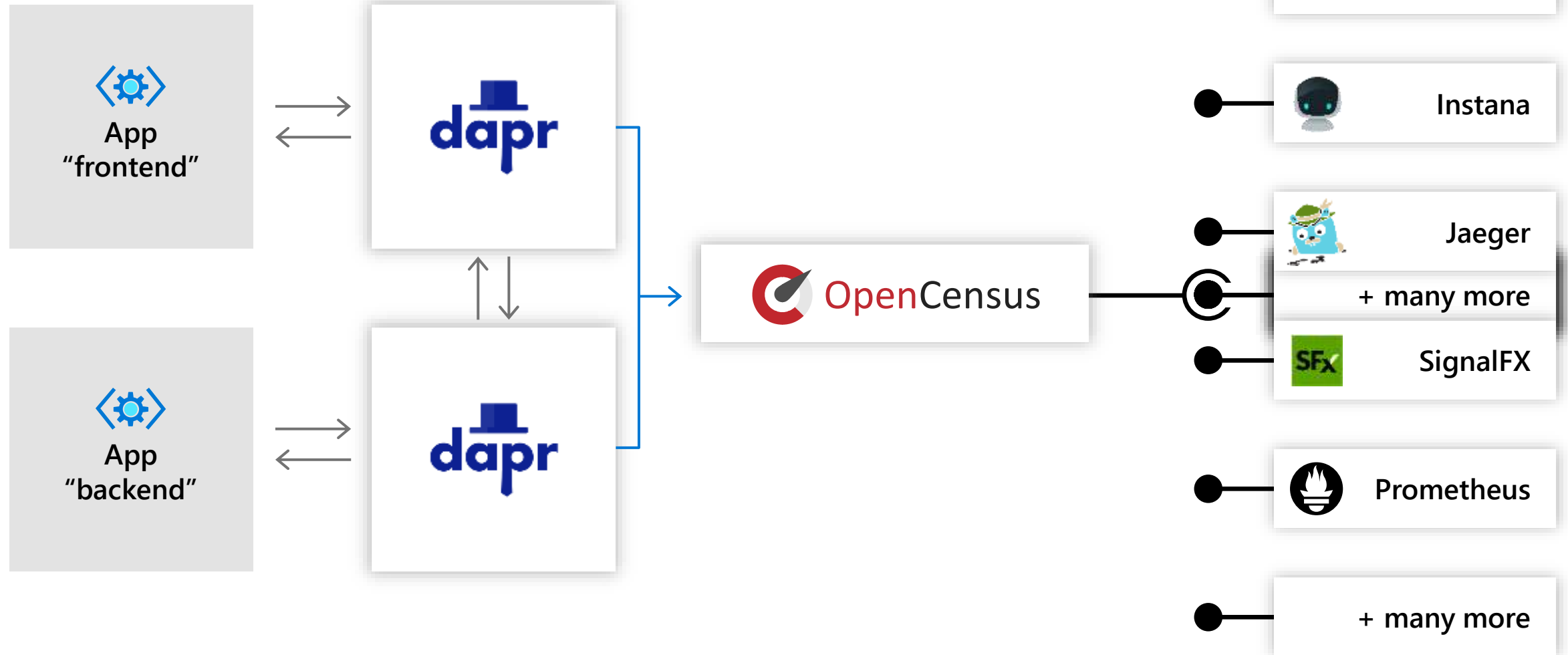
# Microservice building blocks

## Publish and subscribe



# Microservice building blocks

## Distributed tracing and diagnostics





DEMO

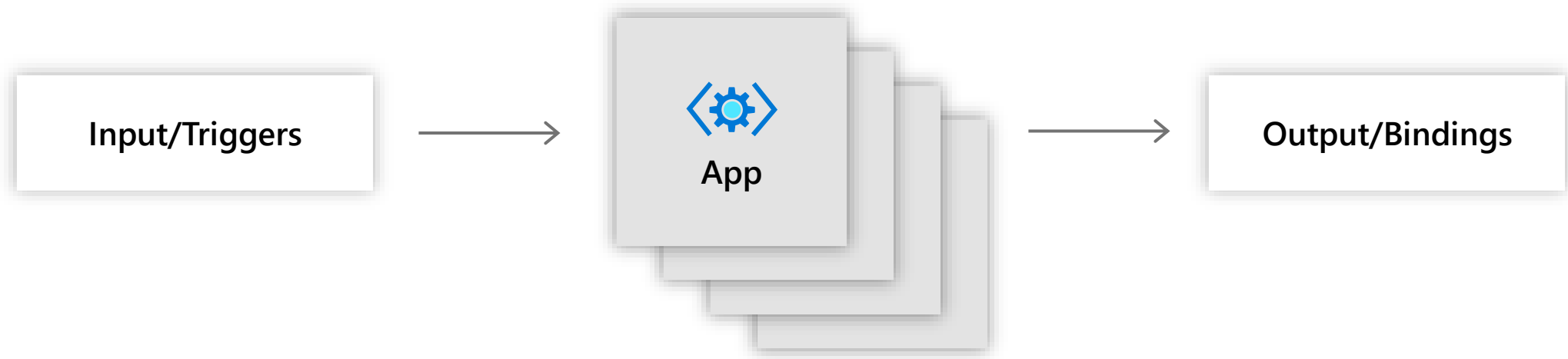
# Distributed Calculator

# Functions with Dapr

✓ Event-driven

✓ Stateless

✓ Easy replication and sharing



DEMO

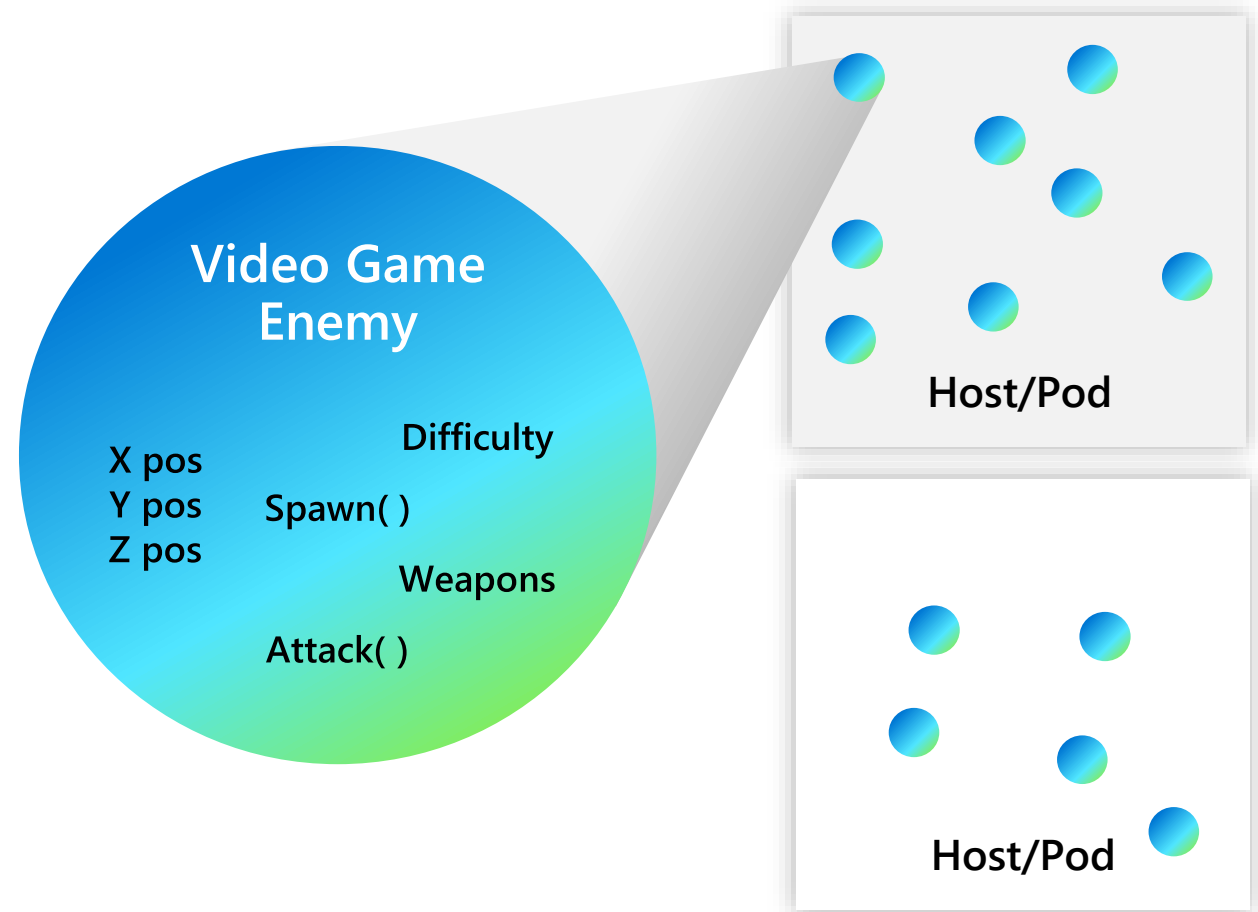
# Functions with Dapr

# Virtual Actors with Dapr

Stateful, objects of storage and compute

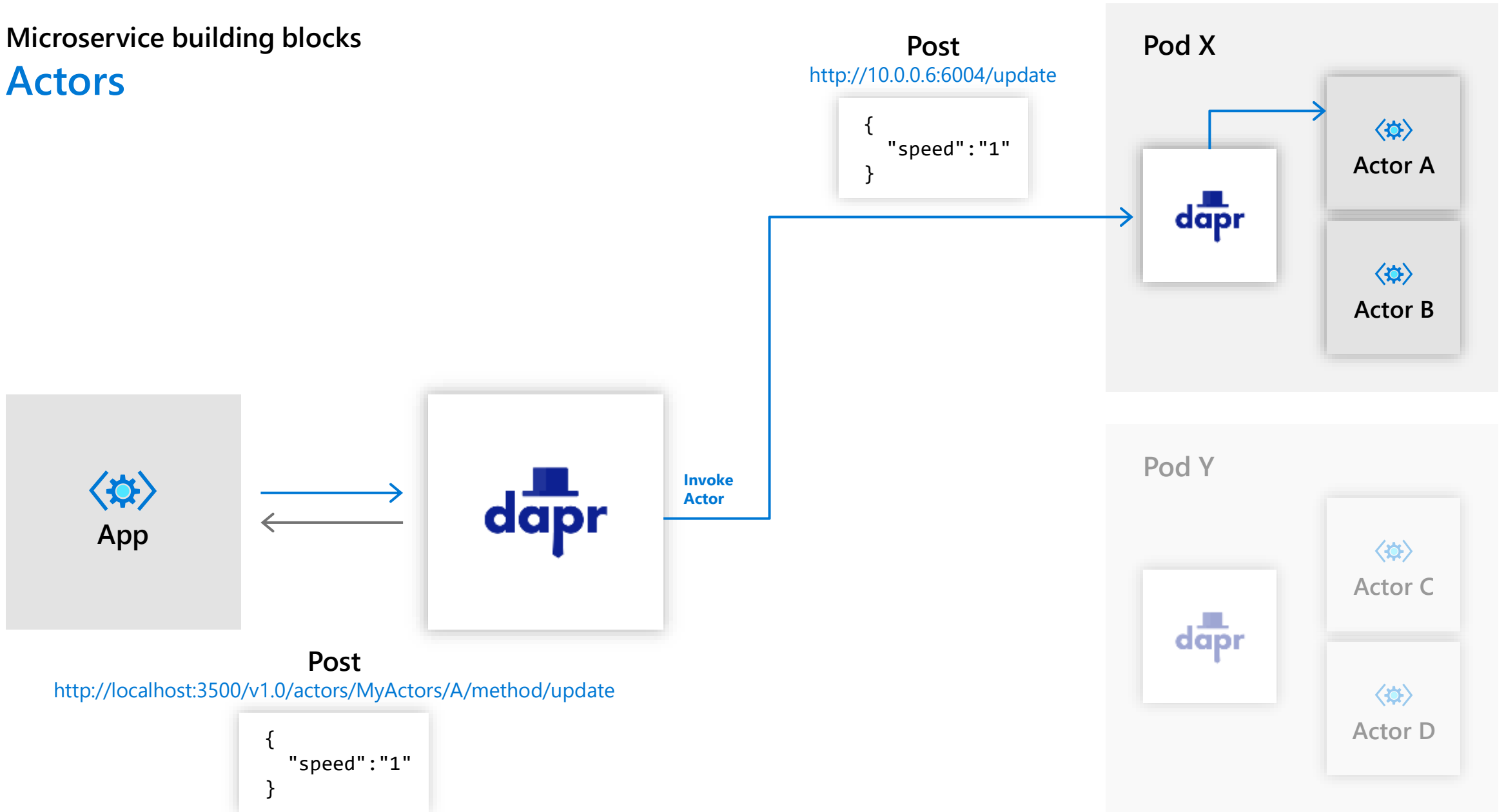
Dapr Actor features:

- ✓ Distribution and failover
- ✓ Turn-based concurrency
- ✓ State management
- ✓ Timers
- ✓ Reminders



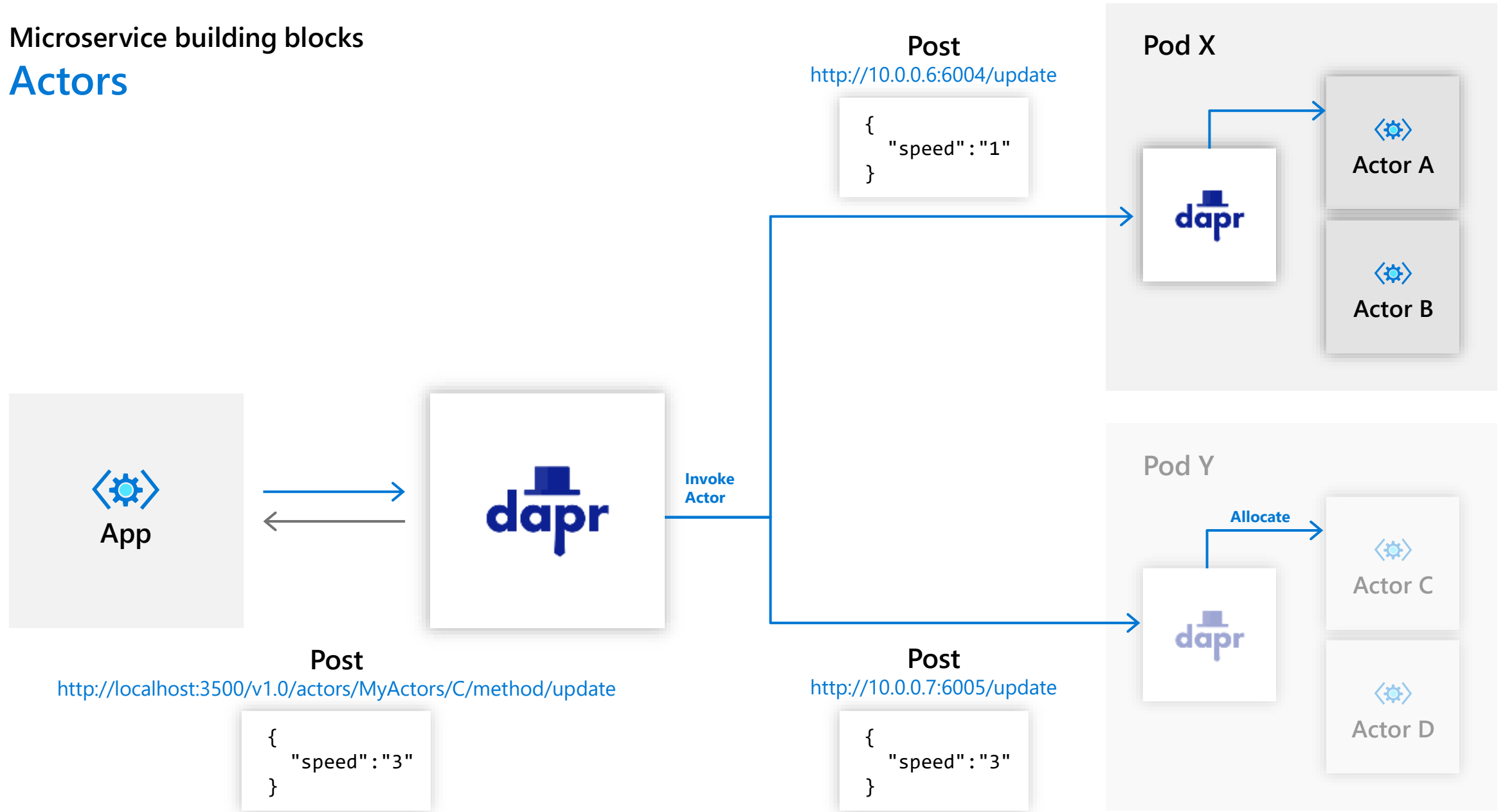
# Microservice building blocks

## Actors




# Microservice building blocks

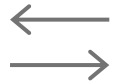
## Actors



DEMO

# Cloud Native Parking Garage

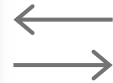
  
Open  
Application  
Model



dapr



dapr



dapr



Azure Sphere



Microsoft  
building 37



Microsoft  
building 99



# Community



[github.com/dapr](https://github.com/dapr)

53 Contributors

25 new components added since launch

v1.0 coming later this year

5.2k GitHub stars in under 4 months



**rudr**



[github.com/oam-dev](https://github.com/oam-dev)

35 Contributors (rudr)

25 Contributors (spec)

Beta draft proposal in review



# Roadmap



[github.com/dapr](https://github.com/dapr)

## Operability and observability

### Integration with more languages

Java/Python SDKs

### Integration with Microsoft frameworks

ASP.NET, Functions, Blazor

### Integration with more platforms

Kubernetes, IoT Edge, Azure Stack Edge

### Production ready

V1.0 later this year

Looking to partner with customers to bring to production



[github.com/oam-dev](https://github.com/oam-dev)

## Specification updates to Open Application Model

External services support  
Model more workload types

### Integration with more platforms

### Blue/green updates

### Production ready

V1.0 later this year

Looking to partner with customers to bring to production

